
पुनर्वास उपकरण — वयस्क और बालक के
माप की ऊबड़ खाबड़ भूमि पर चलने वाली,
सवार-I के लिए खुलने और बंधनेवाली
सक्रिय पहिया कुर्सी की विशिष्टि

**Specification for Rehabilitation
Equipment — Rough Terrain
Active Wheelchairs, Folding,
Rider-I, Adult and Child Size**

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भारतीय मानक ब्यूरो
BUREAU OF INDIAN STANDARDS
मानक भवन, 9 बहादुरशाह ज़फर मार्ग, नई दिल्ली – 110002
MANAK BHAVAN, 9 BAHADUR SHAH ZAFAR MARG
NEW DELHI-110002
www.bis.gov.in www.standardsbis.in

FOREWORD

This Indian Standard was adopted by the Bureau of Indian Standards after the draft finalized by the Artificial Limbs, Rehabilitation Appliances and Equipment for Persons with Disability, Sectional Committee and approval by the Medical Equipment and Hospital Planning Division Council.

As the rough terrain active wheelchairs are to be used by both adults and child, all the dimensions cannot be fixed. Therefore, keeping in view to ensure interchangeability of replaceable components and improvements in design, essential dimensions have been specified in this Indian Standard.

In the preparation of this standard, the concerned Sectional Committee taken up view to bring it in line with the present manufacturing and trade practices followed in the country in this field.

The clauses **10** and **12** call for an agreement between the purchaser and the supplier.

The composition of the Committee responsible for the formulation of this standard is given in Annex A.

For the purpose of deciding whether a particular requirement of this standard is complied with the final value, observed or calculated, expressing the result of a test or analysis shall be rounded off in accordance with IS 2 : 1960 Rules for rounding off numerical values (*revised*). The number of significant places retained in the rounded off value shall be the same as that of the specified value in this standard.

Indian Standard

SPECIFICATION FOR REHABILITATION EQUIPMENT — ROUGH TERRAIN ACTIVE WHEELCHAIRS, FOLDING, RIDER-I, ADULT AND CHILD SIZE

1 SCOPE

1.1 This standard specifies the requirements for manual, folding wheelchairs for rough terrain active mode for urban/ rural outdoor mobility to be used by adults and children with disabilities.

1.2 This standard covers only the requirements of Type 1, 2 and 6 wheelchairs in adult and child size (*see 4.1*). Types 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9 and Type 0 wheelchairs (*see 4.1*) are not covered in this standard.

2 REFERENCES

The standards listed below contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this standard. At the time of publication the editions indicated were valid. All standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on the standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the standards indicated below:

<i>IS No.</i>	<i>Title</i>
1364 : 2002	Hexagon head bolts, screws and nuts of product grades A and B bolts
1586 : 2012	Method for rockwell hardness test for metallic materials scales A-B-C-D-E-F-G-H-K
1868 : 1996	Anodic coatings on aluminium and its alloys
2415 : 2015	Cycle — Rubber tubes (moulded/ Jjointed) — Specification
4923 : 2017	Hollow steel sections for structural use — Specification
5192 : 1994	Vulcanized natural rubber compounds

IS No.

Title

7867 : 1975	Continuous filament textile polyamide (nylon) yarn
12649 : 1989	Treated/coated fabrics for various applications — Guide for selection

3 TERMINOLOGY

The terminology for the wheelchairs is indicated in Fig. 1, 2, 3 (for adult) and 4, 5 (for child) shall apply.

4 TYPES

4.1 The type classification of the wheelchairs according to the means of propulsion/ steering shall be as follows:

Type 1	Attendant controlled-non-powered
Type 2	Non-powered direct drive on rear wheels, bimanual
Type 3	Non-powered direct drive on front wheels, bimanual
Type 4	Non-powered lever drive, bimanual
Type 5	Non-powered single-sided drive
Type 6	Non-powered foot propulsion
Type 7	Attendant controlled- powered
Type 8	Electromotor for drive, manual steering
Type 9	Electromotor for drive, power steering
Type 0	Others

5 SHAPE AND DIMENSIONS

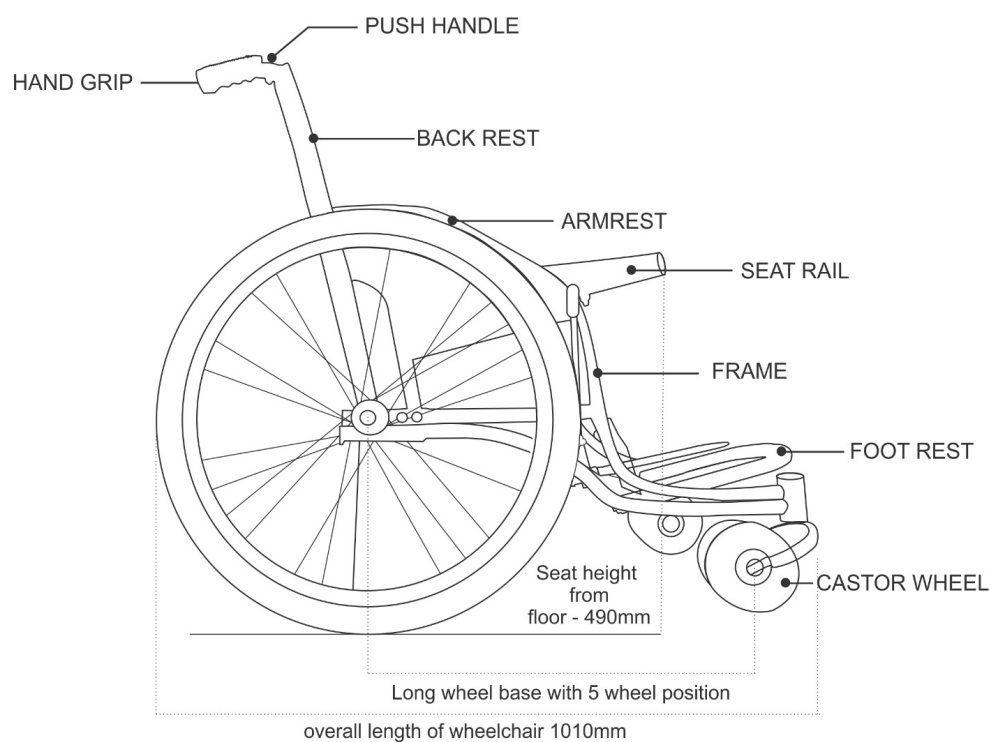
5.1 The typical shape of wheelchair is shown in Fig. 1, 2, 3 (for Adult) and 4, 5 (for Child). The overall dimensions shall be as given in Table 1 and 2.

**Table 1 Overall Dimensions of Wheelchairs
for Adults**
(Clause 5.1)

Sl No.	Dimension	Size (mm)
(1)	(2)	(3)
i)	Overall length	1010
ii)	Overall width, open	650
iii)	Overall width, folded	350
iv)	Overall height	840
v)	Seat height from floor at the front	490
vi)	Slope of the seat	12 degree
vii)	Seat width range	360-480
viii)	Seat length range	350-450
ix)	Backrest height range	350-450
x)	distance between seat and footrest range	270-380
xi)	Clearance of frame from floor	370
xii)	Clearance of foot rest from floor range	160-270
xiii)	Wheel diameter with width	610 × 44
xiv)	Weight of the wheelchair	23 kg Max
xv)	Castors	125 × 100
xvi)	Pelvis and leg straps wide	40

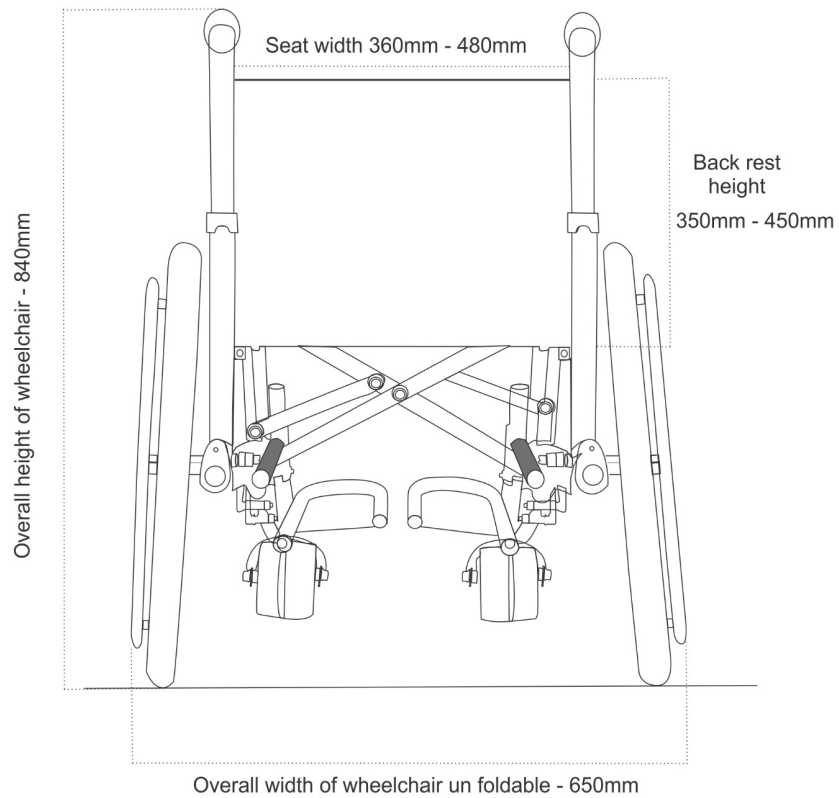
**Table 2 Overall Dimensions of Wheelchairs
for Child**
(Clause 5.1)

Sl No.	Dimension	Size (mm)
(1)	(2)	(3)
i)	Overall length	960
ii)	Overall width, open	540
iii)	Overall width, folded	350
iv)	Overall height	800
v)	Seat height from floor at the front	450
vi)	Slope of the seat	12 Degree
vii)	Seat width range	280-320
viii)	Seat length range	280-320
ix)	Backrest height range	300-400
x)	distance between seat and footrest range	270-300
xi)	Clearance of frame from floor	350
xii)	Clearance of foot rest from floor range	160-220
xiii)	Wheel diameter	510 × 44
xiv)	Weight of the wheelchair	20 kg Max.
xv)	Castors	100 × 80
xvi)	Pelvis and leg straps wide	40



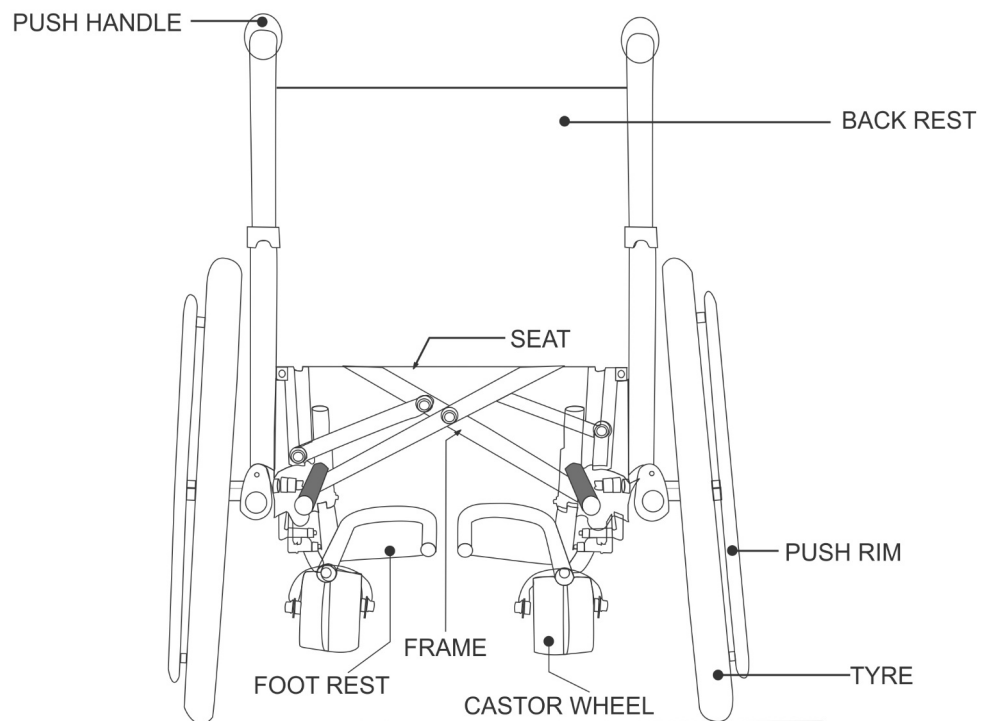
SIDE VIEW

FIG 1. RIDER-I, WHEELCHAIR FOLDING, ADULT SIZE



BACK VIEW

FIG 2. RIDER-I, WHEELCHAIR FOLDING, ADULT SIZE



BACK VIEW

FIG 3. RIDER-I, WHEELCHAIR FOLDING, ADULT SIZE

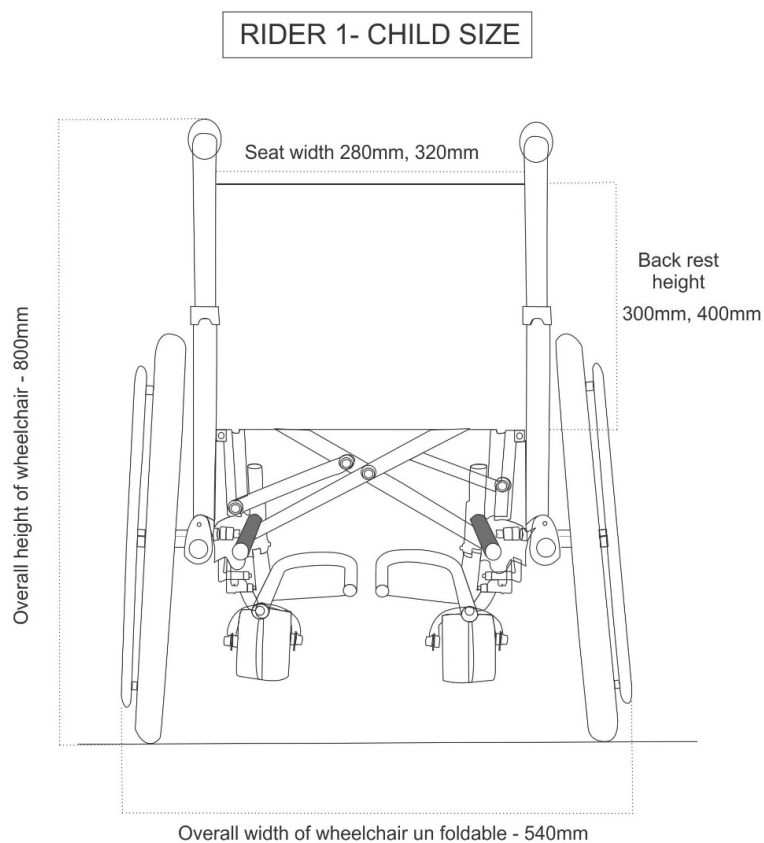


FIG 4. RIDER-I, WHEELCHAIR FOLDING, CHILD SIZE

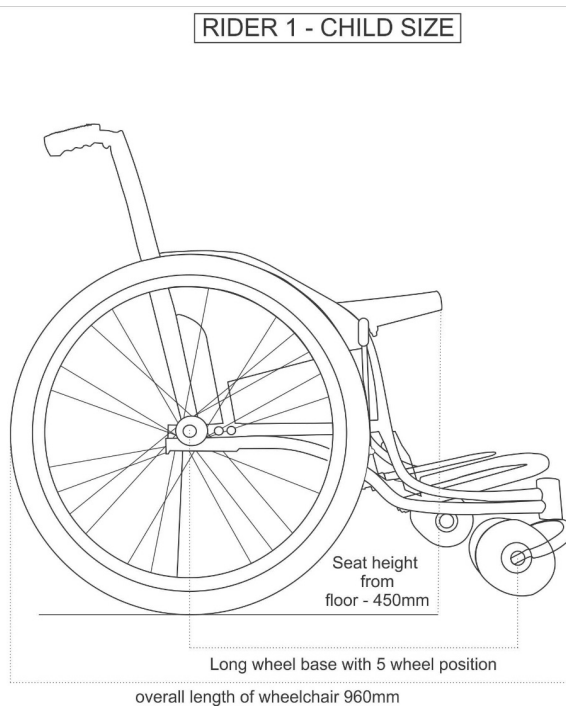


FIG 5. RIDER-I, WHEELCHAIR FOLDING, CHILD SIZE

6 MATERIALS

The following materials shall be used in the manufacture of wheelchairs. Alternate materials which equivalent in performance may also be used.

6.1 Frame

6.1.1 Main Frame

Mild steel low carbon cold rolled CR tube 7/8" size 16 gauge having specification IS 4923 : 2017.

6.1.2 Cross Brace Frame

Shall be made by 1" × 1" square tube 16 gauge and 1" 16 gauge round tube attached with MS flats of 3 × 14 mm.

6.1.3 Full frame shall be GI coated for rust prevention, followed by powder coating done for cosmetic appearance, conforming of relevant Indian Standard.

Nylon lock nuts and high tensile self-tapping bolts conforming to IS 1364 : 2002 shall be used.

6.2 Tubes brought into shapes by manual tube bending machine, method of welding is TIG and MIG and weld joint is 3 mm / 4 mm thickness.

6.3 Clothing Guard

The clothing guards shall be of aluminium alloy or mild steel sheets, each of thickness 1.00 mm Min. conforming to the relevant Indian Standards. Alternatively, suitable grade of rigid plastic of minimum 3 mm thickness may be used.

6.4 Seat and Backrest

6.4.1 The seat and backrest shall be fabricated from nylon polyester fabric screwed with nylon lock nuts. The nylon fabric should confirm to standard not less than nylon 600 D IS 7867: 1975 "Continuous filament textile for nylon" as listed in IS 12649 : 1989.

6.4.2 The fabric used for covering of seat and backrest shall be nylon 600D- IS 7867 "continuous filament textile for nylon" as listed in IS 12649 : 1989.

6.5 Footrest

The footrests may be of 7/8" C.R tube 16 gauge bent in semi-circular lashes to the required shape; Height adjustable, flip-up. If specifically required for paraplegics, footrest may be supplied to suit the length of the foot of the patient ensuring that the foot does not project out.

6.6 Castors

6.6.1 Adult: 12.5 cm diameter and 10 cm width of complete rubber unit-2 Nos., and for Child: 10 cm × 8 cm complete rubber unit. The castor wheels shall be

made with non-marking vulcanised rubber material confirming not less than Type B, Grade 5 of IS 5192 : 1994 or more.

6.6.2 Fitted with 3" long and 35 / 15 mm diameter castor stem with ball bearing at either end. Stem is fitted to the 'U' bracket size of 18" diameter of 16 gauge tube which holds the castor wheel.

6.6.3 Castor Axle 8 mm thick made up of MS High tensile.

6.7 Rear Wheels, Push Rim and Axles

6.7.1 For adult 24 × 1 ¾ "spoke wheel with pneumatic mountain bike tyre" and for child 20 × 1 ¾ "spoke wheel with pneumatic mountain bike tyre". The rear wheels assembly should confirm to IS standards not less than pneumatic tyres and tubes as per IS 2415 : 2015.

6.7.2 36 numbers of spokes of 2 mm thickness made up of MS, nickel chrome coated and the wheels Axle shall be of 12 mm thick made up of stainless steel 304 grade, confirming to Indian standards.

6.7.3 20" diameter push rim material is MS coated with nickel chrome, from 16 gauge of 18 diameter tube. To confirm to Indian standards

6.8 Folding Mechanism

The folding mechanism shall be of suitable tubular or mild steel flat structure.

6.9 Brakes

Material made up of 8 mm MS rod which is heated and bent to the required shape.

7 REQUIREMENTS

7.1 Backrest and Seat

The backrest shall be firmly secured to the vertical side members and shall be removable. The seat shall be firmly secured to each side of the frame. The backrest shall start just above the seat top.

7.1.1 The construction of the seat and the backrest shall be of non-rigid type and such that the nylon takes the load instead of the cover tension adjustable.

7.2 Frame

The wheelchair frame shall be of welded construction. The various members by themselves shall each be of single piece without any joint. All open ends of tubular construction must be sealed with end plugs (metallic or plastics).

7.3 Footrests and Supports

7.3.1 The surface of the footrest shall be non-slip.

7.3.2 The foot rest shall be capable of flip-up about its own axis so that when a patient enters or leaves the chair, the footrest shall clear the way without causing any obstruction. In this raised, the footrest shall be at an angle of 90° to 120° to its normal horizontal position.

7.3.3 In case of adjustable footrest, the distance between the footrest and the seat shall be capable of adjustment (namely, telescopic adjustment) through not less than 40 mm in minimum four steps. The locking mechanism for each step shall be such that once locked, it will not permit the footrest being pushed down under the weight of the patient.

7.4 Push Rims

The ends of the tubing's shall be joined by welding. The fixation of hand rim to wheel rim (minimum four places) shall be such that it does not obstruct/injure the fingers while driving. The surface of hand rims shall be smooth in all respects.

7.5 Brakes

Two individual parking brakes (push/pull type), one on each wheel, shall be provided on wheelchairs. The brakes shall be capable of being locked in final position and shall be easy and compatible in operation. They shall not be loose to result into accidental locking in use.

7.6 Wheels

The wheels shall be fixed to the frame in such a manner that the fitting shall be rugged enough to withstand the shocks during normal use. The wheel shall move freely and lightly to minimum physical exertion during driving.

7.7 Clothing Guards

Clothing guards shall be securely attached in between the front and rear vertical members of the chair. The guards shall be sufficiently rigid and shall have a smooth surface.

7.8 Folding Mechanism

The folding mechanism shall not in any way affect the rigidity of the chair in the unfolded condition. The folding mechanism shall be flexible enough to keep all the four wheels on ground. It shall permit folding of the chair with ease and without any jamming of the various cross pieces.

8 FINISH

8.1 Materials and finishes shall be non – toxic.

8.1.1 All exposed metallic parts shall be stove enameled (after primary coat) or plated as agreed to between the purchaser and the supplier. The resulting finish shall be hard and shall not readily chip or flake.

8.1.2 All aluminum components shall be anodized or buffed clean in case of die casted components. The anodizing of aluminum components shall conform to Grade B or Grade D of IS 1868 : 1996.

8.1.3 Welding shall fully penetrate and shall be sound in every respect. It shall be finished smooth and there shall be no exposed sharp edges in the framework or other unsealed formations which may harbour dust. All exterior surfaces shall be free from defects and protrusions to avoid hurting the patient or tearing his cloth.

9 TESTS

9.1 Stability Test

The wheelchair must resist toppling. All wheel must remain in contact with the surface of a 20 degree slope when the wheelchair is loaded with a 100 kg test load and positioned on the 20 degree slope with the front of the chair, pointed up-slope and the locks on the drive wheels engaged.

9.2 Load Test

A load of 100 kg shall be applied gradually at the middle of the frame while preventing the chair from toppling over. The load shall be maintained for 5 minutes. The wheelchair shall not be damaged after the test. The test shall be repeated on the other arm rest.

9.3 Tests for Wheeling

The chair shall be subjected to a load of 100 kg. The chair shall be wheeled around on an even floor. The chair shall move smoothly and straight without any wobbling, rocking, or rattling.

9.4 Hazard Running Test

9.4.1 The effect of this test is to subject the frame work of the wheelchair to stimulated conditions similar to the worst conditions ever likely to be met in use.

9.4.2 A uniformly distributes test load of 100 kg shall be applied on the frame members which normally carry the seat. Under this load, the wheelchair shall negotiate at least once in every meter of travel at 3.0 km/h, a hazard having a vertical drop of 10 mm.

9.4.3 This test of 5 hours uninterrupted duration shall not result in any deleterious effect on the chair, such as, failure of joints or welds, breaking or flaking of enamel, wobbling and rattling.

9.4.4 Measurements of the height above floor level of the top of the seat support members and the width between the two arms, taken above the centre of the seat, shall be recorded both before and after the test. No change in dimension shall be permitted. The change in height dimension of the seat support members shall be adjusted to account for tyre wear

resulting from the test which shall be computed from actual measurements of the wheel diameter taken before and after the test.

9.4.5 For the purpose of the above test, the chair may be mobile and mechanically pushed at points on the handle corresponding roughly to the position at which an attendant's hands would be placed while wheeling the chair. Alternatively, the chair may be anchored to a stationary pillar at these points on the handle and the wheel made to contact an oscillating platform (running on rails) or a rotating drum to which the hazards are fixed.

9.5 Test for Folding

The wheelchair shall be folded and unfolded 250 times consecutively on a smooth floor. The chair shall open and close without undue exertion and it shall not suffer any damage during the test. The chair shall roll easily in the folded position. Prior to test, parts requiring lubrication shall be properly lubricated.

9.6 Back Rest Impact Test

This test applies to wheelchairs where the backrest height as measured 350 mm or greater. For this used pendulum or metal thing in which its support the pendulum so that rigid bar is at an angle of $30^\circ \pm 2^\circ$ to the vertical and then allow it to fall freely and strike the back of the wheelchair. The height of the metal or pendulum shall be $1\,200 \pm 10$ and the circle size shall be equivalent to football size 5 (soccer ball) and total mass weight of the circle shall be 25 ± 0.5 Kg. the pivot axis of that pendulum or metal may be rotated through 90° so it may also be used for the impact test. Restraint the wheelchair from front and back so that the wheelchair can't move during the test.

9.7 Drop Test

Wheelchair attach with drop test machine so that the wheelchair support as though it was stood on a horizontal plane and the dropped freely $50\text{ mm} \pm 5\text{ mm}$ on to a rigid horizontal plane. Run time for the machine shall be completed up to 6 666 cycles. All wheels rotate between cycles so that the same part of the wheel is not loaded each time and wheelchair is in the stationary before each drop.

9.8 Footrests: Resistance to Downward Forces — Test Method

With the wheelchair standing on the horizontal test plane, set up a means for applying the forces specified in Table 3, at the footrest locations. Before commencing the test, set up the means to prevent the wheelchair from tipping and the means to prevent the wheelchair from moving fore-and-aft. Slowly increase the load until the

force F2 reaches the value specified in Table 3 or the greater force. For test maintained the load for a period of between 5 s and 10 s.

Table 3 Downward Forces to be Applied to Footrests

Sl No.	Maximum user mass	Force, F2
(1)	kg (2)	N (3)
i)	Up to 25	250 ± 6
ii)	> 25 to 50	500 ± 11
iii)	> 50 to 75	750 ± 17
iv)	> 75 to 100	1000 ± 23

10 ATTACHMENTS AND ACCESSORIES

Various accessories are required to cater to the needs of different categories of patients. All the attachments incorporating such accessories shall be provided with the basic model and shall in no way become obstruction for its coverage under the Indian Standard. These accessories are optional and include the following:

- Adjustment tools;
- Extension unit of seat upholstery with seat frames and screws complete;
- 3 tension adjustable filler straps to allow for adjustment of back height; and
- Pump.

11 MARKING

11.1 Each wheelchair shall have a label suitably marked with the indication of the source of manufacture and the type of chair (*see 4.1*).

11.2 Each wheelchair shall be marked with a clearly visible sign shown in Fig. 6



FIG. 6 SIGN OF CAUTION

11.3 BIS Certificate Marking

The product may also be marked with the Standard Mark.

11.3.1 The use of the Standard Mark is governed by the provisions of the *Bureau of Indian Standards Act, 2016* and the Rules and Regulations made thereunder. The details of the conditions under which the licence for use

of the Standard Mark may be granted to manufacturers or producers may be obtained from the Bureau of Indian Standards.

12 PACKING

Packing of adult and child size folding wheelchair shall be done as agreed to between the purchaser and supplier.

ANNEX A

(Foreword)

COMMITTEE COMPOSITION

Artificial Limbs, Rehabilitation Appliances and Equipment for the Disabled Sectional Committee, MHD 09

<i>Organisation</i>	<i>Representative (s)</i>
All India Institute of Medical Sciences, New Delhi	DR SANJAY WADHWA (Chairman)
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Member Secretary

SHRI PRAKASH BACHANI,
SCIENTIST 'E' AND HEAD (MHD), BIS

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Amendments are issued to standards as the need arises on the basis of comments. Standards are also reviewed periodically; a standard along with amendments is reaffirmed when such review indicates that no changes are needed; if the review indicates that changes are needed, it is taken up for revision. Users of Indian Standards should ascertain that they are in possession of the latest amendments or edition by referring to the latest issue of 'BIS Catalogue' and 'Standards: Monthly Additions'.

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Amendments Issued Since Publication

Amend No.	Date of Issue	Text Affected

BUREAU OF INDIAN STANDARDS

Headquarters:

Manak Bhavan, 9 Bahadur Shah Zafar Marg, New Delhi 110002
Telephones: 2323 0131, 2323 3375, 2323 9402

Website: www.bis.gov.in

Regional Offices:

Telephones

Central	: Manak Bhavan, 9 Bahadur Shah Zafar Marg NEW DELHI 110002	{ 2323 7617 2323 3841
Eastern	: 1/14 C.I.T. Scheme VII M, V.I.P. Road, Kankurgachi KOLKATA 700054	{ 2337 8499, 2337 8561 2337 8626, 2337 9120
Northern	: Plot No. 4-A, Sector 27-B, Madhya Marg CHANDIGARH 160019	{ 265 0206 265 0290
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